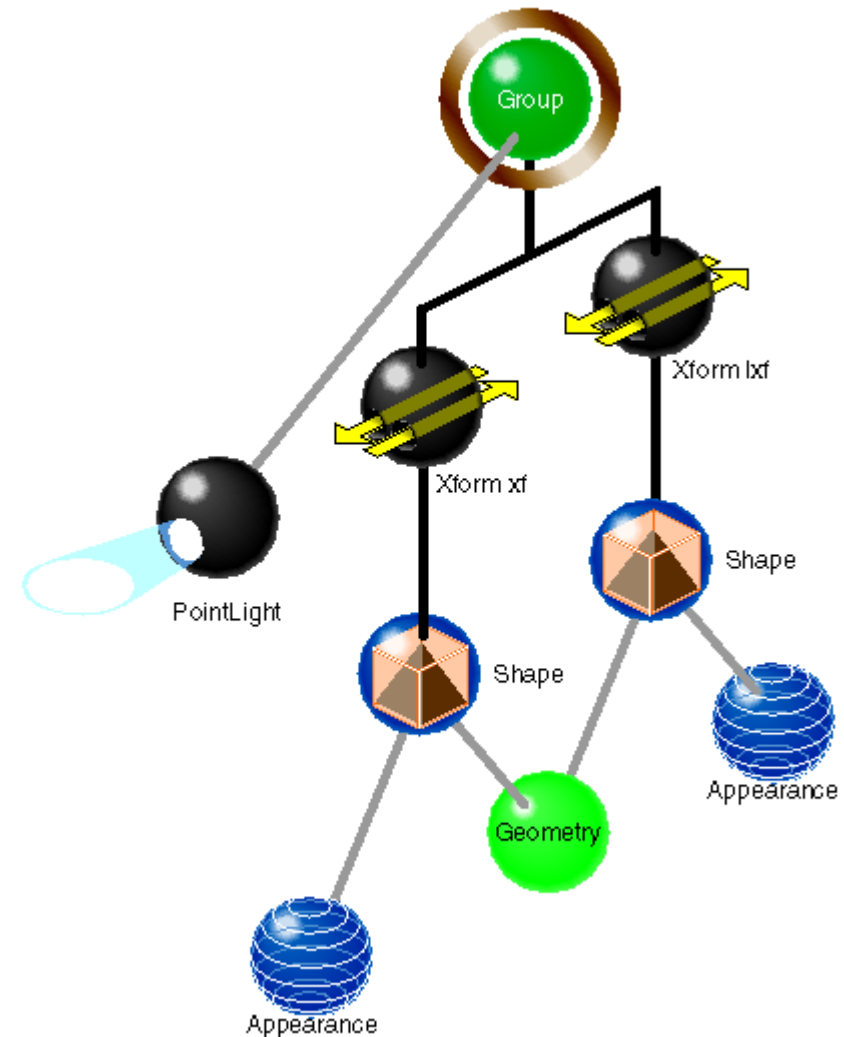


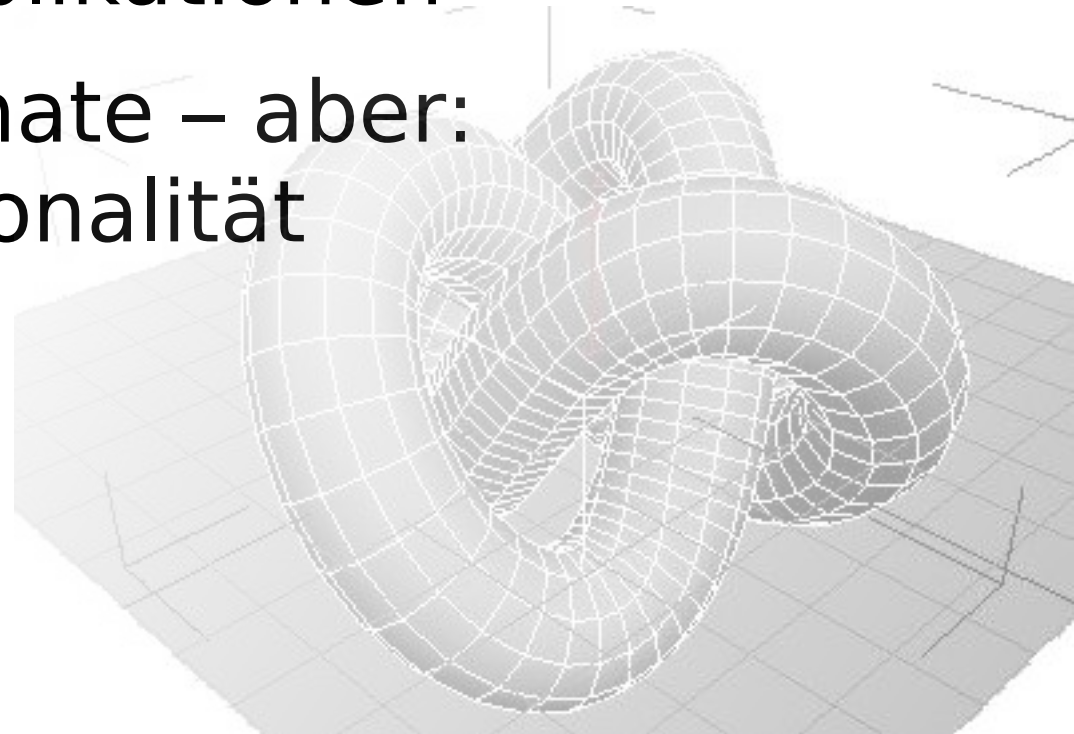
# XML 3D Formate X3D und XVL

Seminar  
Michael Bayer  
fh@nightspawn.com



# Motivation

- Wachsende Bedeutung von 3D in allen Bereichen
- Datenaustausch zwischen verschiedenen Applikationen
- Ständig neue Formate – aber: Kaum neue Funktionalität



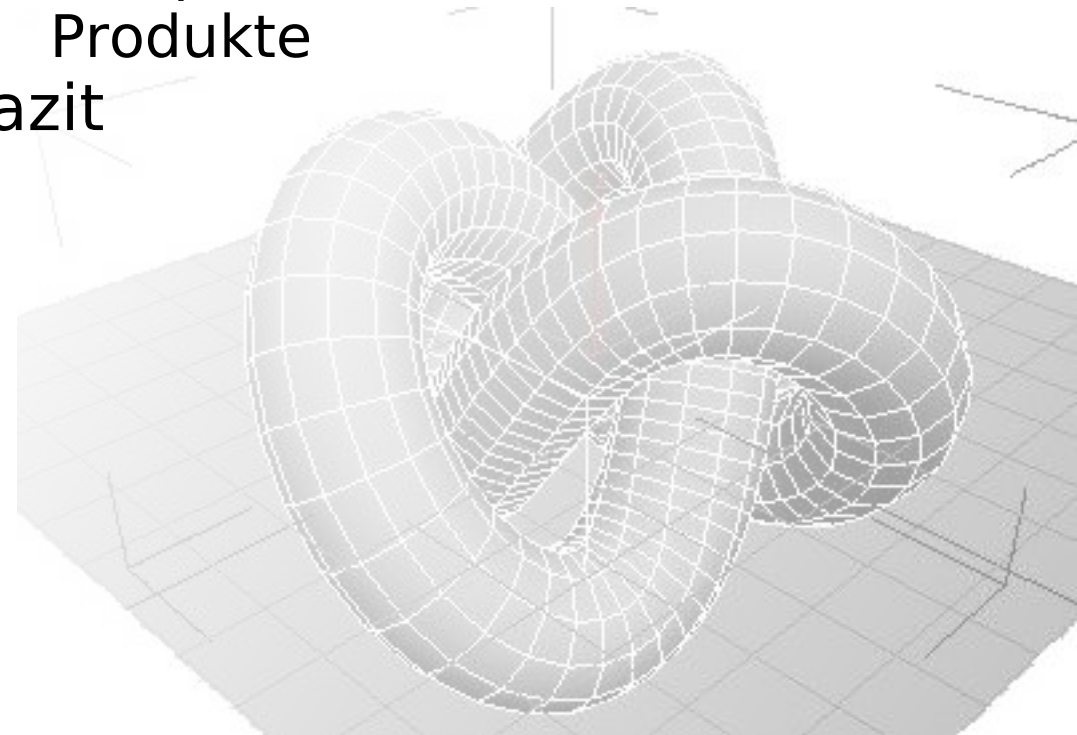
# Inhaltsübersicht

- Was bisher geschah
  - CAD/CAM und Echtzeitanwendungen
  - VRML
- Warum XML?
- X3D
  - Konzept
  - Vor-/Nachteile
  - Beispiel

## XVL

Ziele  
Lattice Structure  
Patches  
Dateistruktur  
Beispiel  
Produkte

## Fazit



# Was bisher geschah

- CAD/CAM

- Entwicklung, Fertigung bis in den Verkauf
- Hohe Genauigkeit

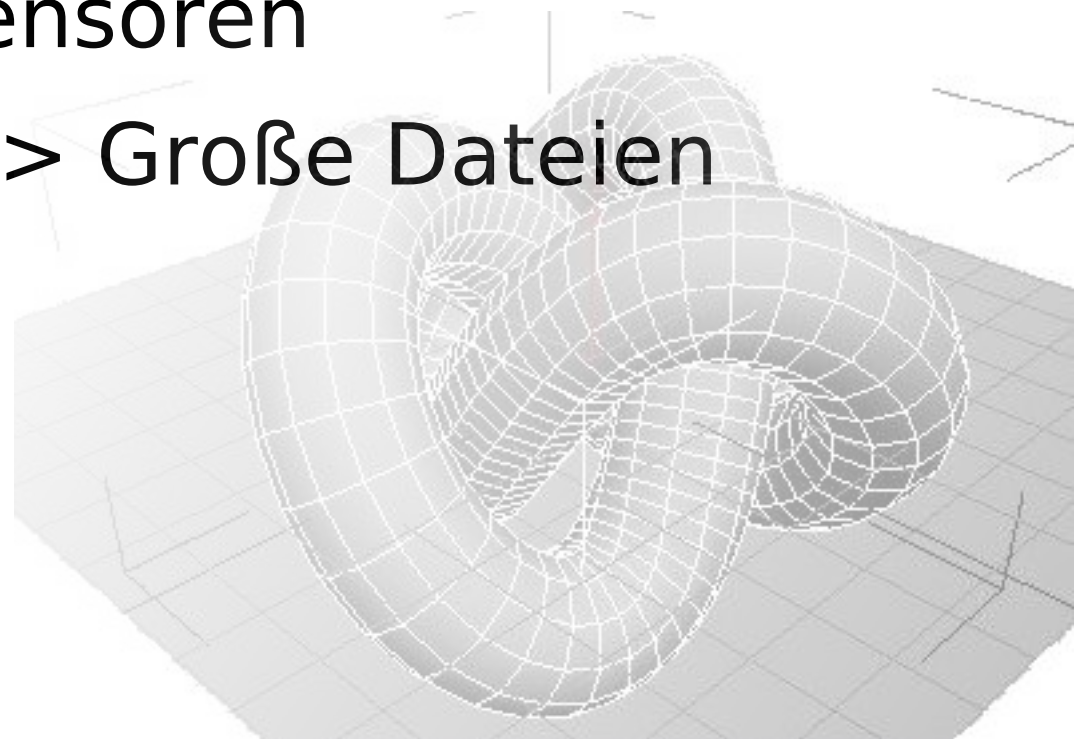
- Echtzeit

- Film, Spiele, Präsentation
- Schein wichtiger als Sein



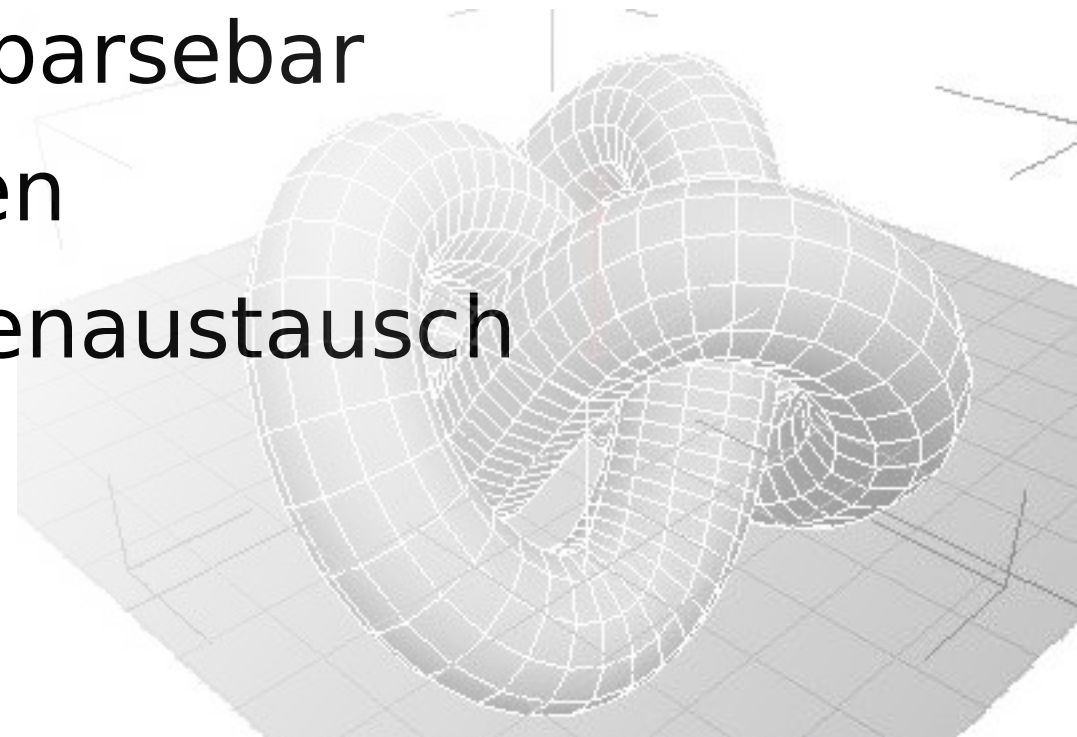
# VRML

- Erstmals offener Standard
- Basierend auf Szenengraph
- Einfache Geometrie, Materialien, Transformation, Sensoren
- Stark strukturiert -> Große Dateien
- Kein Streaming
- Es fehlen Features



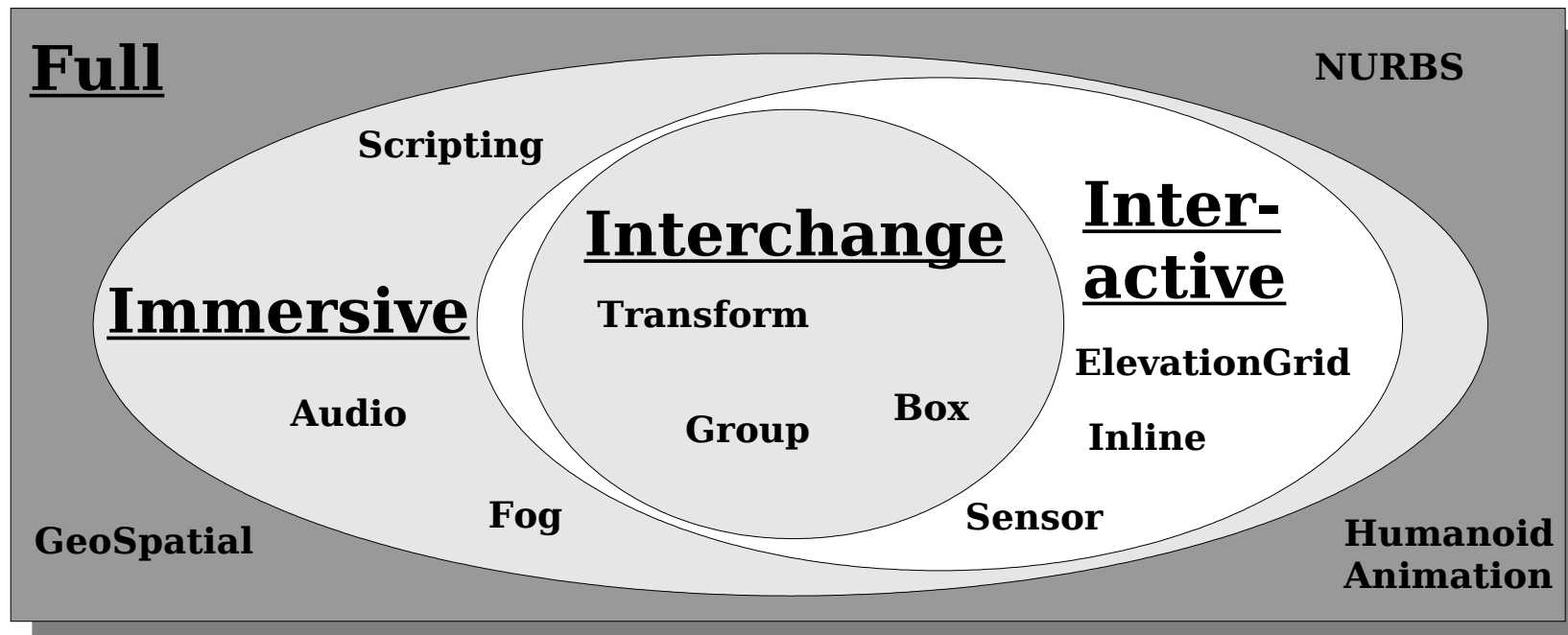
# Warum XML?

- Reine Auszeichnungssprache
- SGML Dialekt
- Reines Textformat - Human readable
- Mit "Bordmitteln" parsebar
- Nahtloses Einbetten
- => Ideal zum Datenaustausch



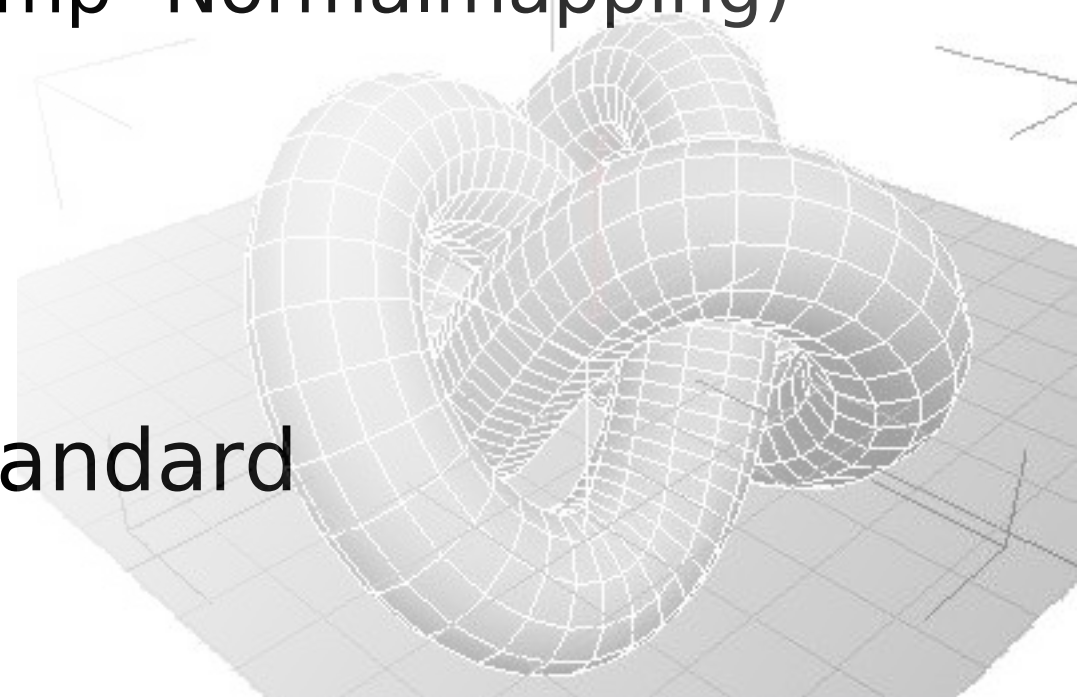
# X3D – eXtensible 3D

- Nachfolger von VRML (Web3D Consortium)
- XML-basierend
- Modular durch Profile



# X3D – eXtensible 3D

- Sehr “lebendiges” Format
  - Extensions
- Großer Featureumfang
  - Multi-Texturen (Bump- Normalmapping)
  - Shader
  - Streaming
  - ...
- Wirklich offener Standard



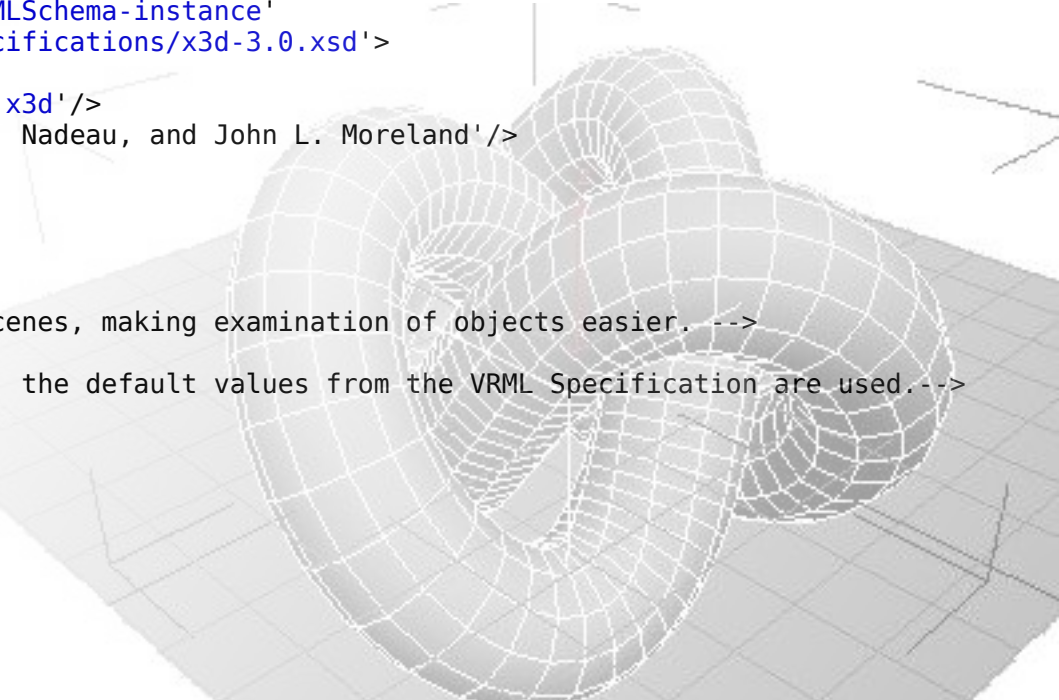


# X3D – eXtensible 3D

- Große Dateien
- USE/DEF

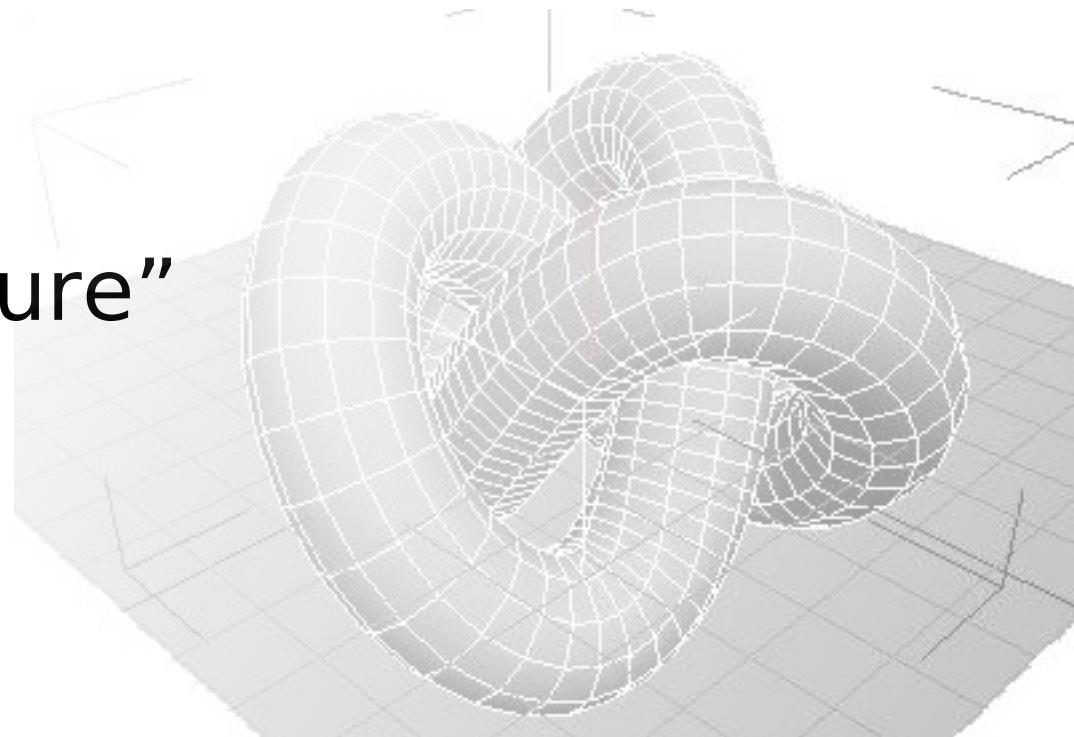
```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
<!DOCTYPE X3D PUBLIC "ISO//Web3D//DTD X3D 3.0//EN" "http://www.web3d.org/specifications/x3d-3.0.dtd">

<X3D profile='Immersive' xmlns:xsd='http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema-instance'
  xsd:noNamespaceSchemaLocation='http://www.web3d.org/specifications/x3d-3.0.xsd'>
  <head>
    <meta name='filename' content='Figure03.01DefaultBox.x3d' />
    <meta name='author' content='Andrea L. Ames, David R. Nadeau, and John L. Moreland' />
    <meta name='translator' content='Don Brutzman' />
    <meta name='created' content='6 August 2000' />
    <meta name='revised' content='28 September 2004' />
    <meta name='description' content='Default Box.' />
  </head>
  <Scene> <!-- This NavigationInfo node is added to many scenes, making examination of objects easier. -->
    <NavigationInfo type="EXAMINE" "ANY" />
    <Shape> <!-- When attribute values are not specified, the default values from the VRML Specification are used.-->
      <Appearance>
        <Material />
      </Appearance>
      <Box />
    </Shape>
  </Scene>
</X3D>
```



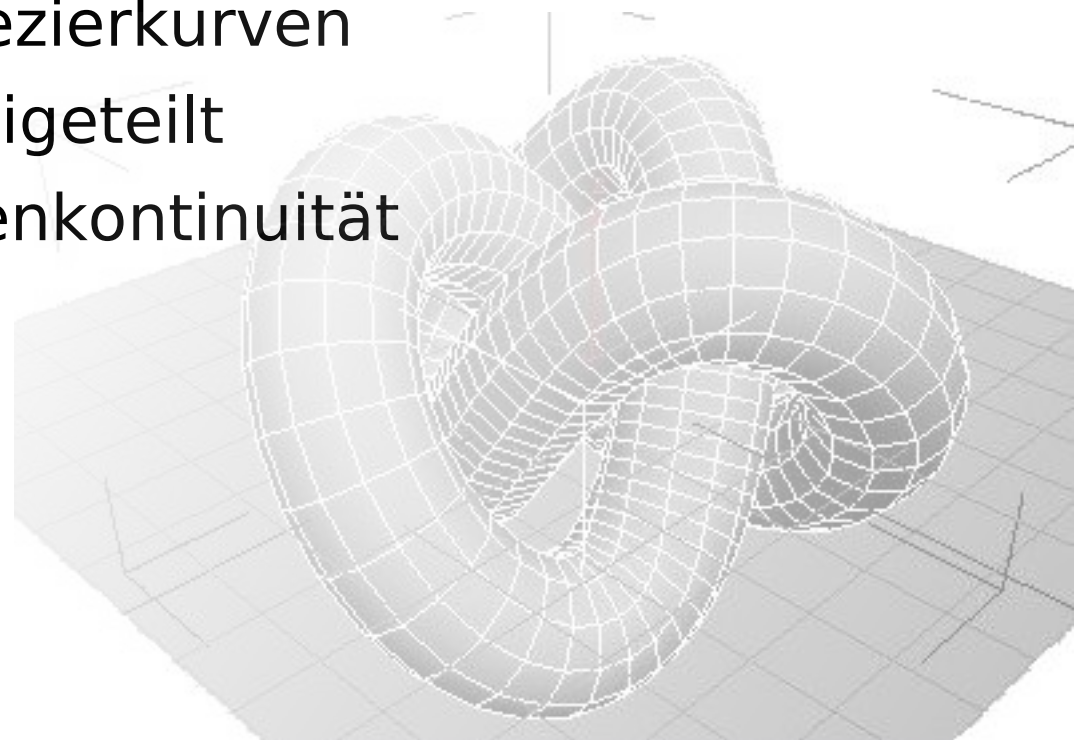
# XVL - eXtensible Virtual world description Language

- Entickelt von Lattice
- Konstruktionsdaten durch komplette Prozesse nutzen
- Hohe Kompression
- Hohe Genauigkeit
- => "Lattice Structure"



# XVL – Lattice Structure

- Freiformoberfläche
- Lattice Mesh + Lattice Structure
  - Gregory Patch
    - Erweiterung von Bezierkurven
    - Kontrollpunkte zweigeteilt
    - Bessere Oberflächenkontinuität
  - Kontrollnetz
    - Polygonnetz
    - Vertexattribute



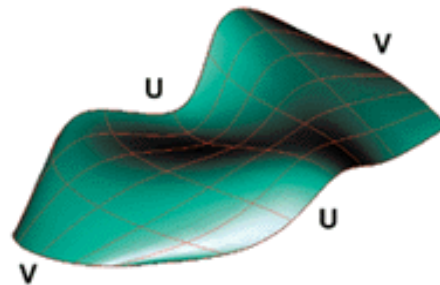
# Patches

Kurve:  $f:u \rightarrow (x(u), y(u), z(u))$

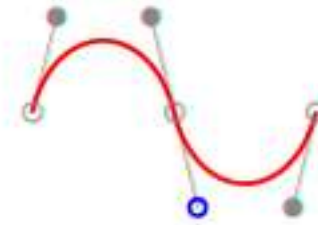
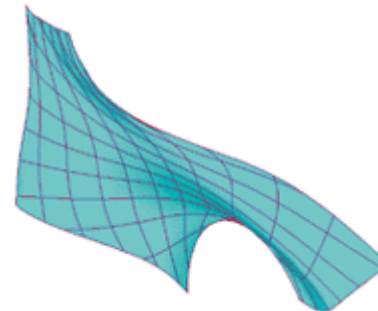
C1-Kontinuität:  $x_1'(u) == x_2'(u)$

Patch:  $f(u,v)$

Coons Patch: 4 Kurven



Gregory Patch: 5+ Kurven



# XVL - Dateistruktur

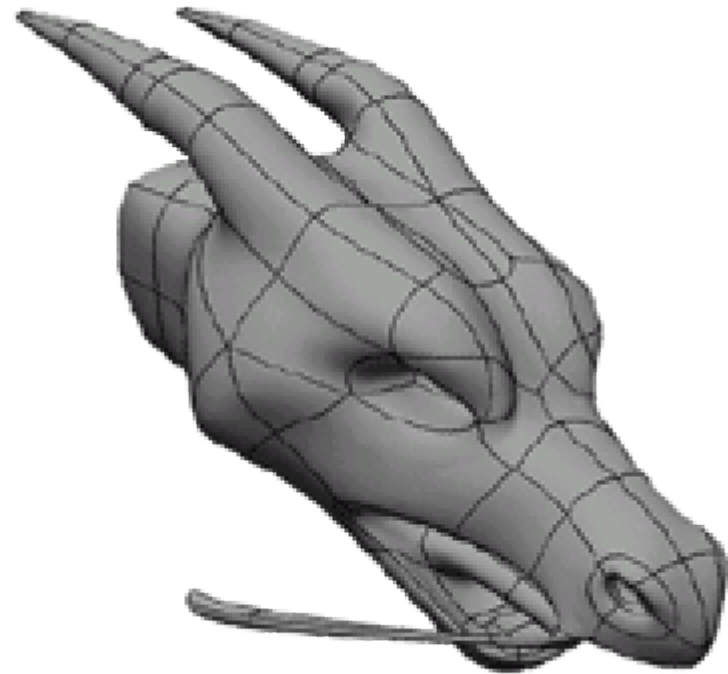
- Erweitertes VRML
- Kontrollnetz darstellbar in VRML97-Browsern

```
Group{
  children[
    Shape{
      geometry IndexedFaceSet{
        #####
        ## coordinate information ##
        ## of Lattice Mesh ##
        #####
      }
    }
  ]
},
```

```
Switch{
  choice[
    XVL_STATUS{
      status "XVL_GREGORY"
    }
    XVL_EDGE{
      round_val 0.5
      round_str 0 1 1
      round_end 0.2 0.3 1
      is_round [1 1 1]
    }
    IndexedLineSet{
      coordIndex[ 24 103 ]
    }
  ]
  whichChoice -1
}
```

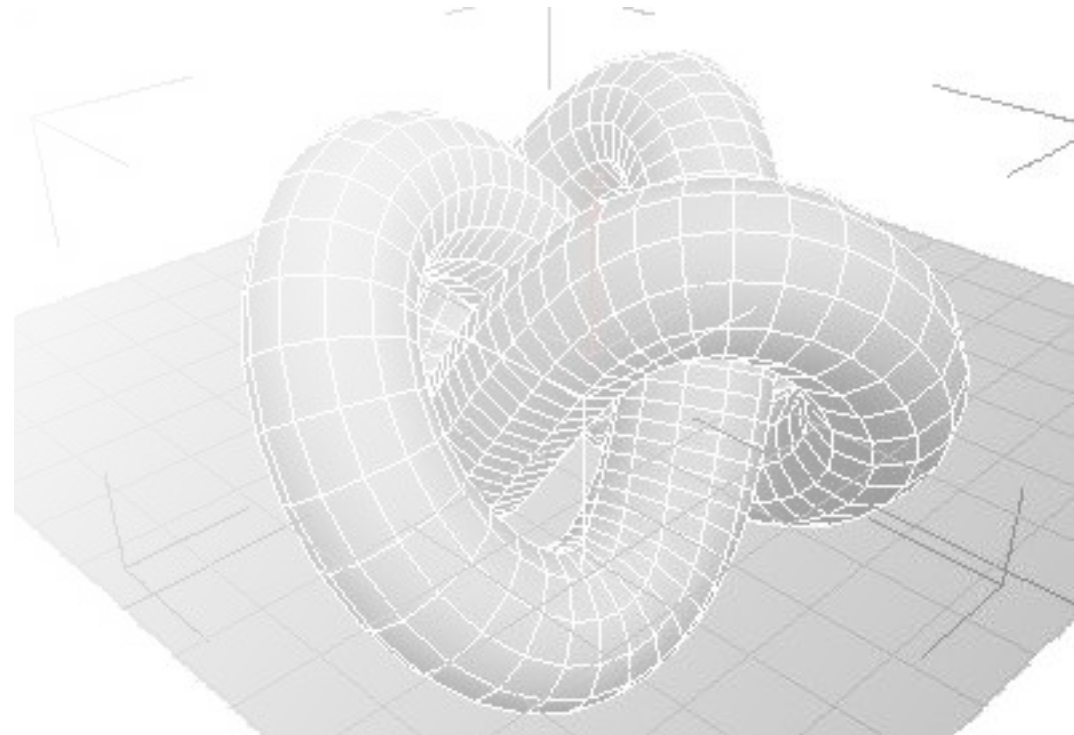
XML???

# XVL - Beispiel



# XVL - Produkte

- Komplettes Framework
  - Kernel
  - Designer
  - Browser-Plugins
  - Signer/DRM
  - Konverter





# Fazit

- Vielzahl möglicher Anwendungsbereiche
- Spezielle Datenformate sinnvoll
- Datenaustauschformat nötig

## X3D

- Offen, lebendig
- Featurereichtum
- Große Dateien

## XVL

- Große Marktdurchdringung
- Hohe Kompression
- Kein XML
- Proprietär